## 2.098 Impacts on Ozone of a New Interactive Soil NOx Scheme.

Early Career Scientist

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## Abstract:

Ozone chemistry in remote regions of the troposphere is often NOx-limited, and soil NOx emissions therefore make an important contribution to ozone production in these areas. Atmospheric chemistry models generally use prescribed monthly mean soil NOx emissions. Since real-world soil NOx emissions are highly sensitive to temperature and rainfall, a soil NOx scheme that includes these factors will result in improved temporal resolution for not only NOx emissions but also for ozone concentrations and the oxidative capacity of the atmosphere. Soil NOx is produced through nitrification, denitrification, and chemodenitrification. These processes depend on soil temperature, pH, moisture, and nitrogen content. Comprehensive schemes for soil NOx production should therefore include these factors, as well as vegetation type, as a substantial proportion of emitted soil NOx is taken up by the canopy. We are developing a model that predicts soil NOx emissions interactively based on soil moisture, soil temperature, nitrogen availability, pH, and vegetation type. We will present results from this model and explore the impact of our new representation of soil NOx emissions on tropospheric ozone.